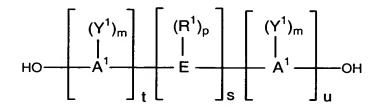
CLAIMS:

1. A polyethersulfone composition comprising structural units derived from a monomer mixture comprising bisphenol-A and at least 55 mole percent of 4,4'-biphenol based on total moles of diphenolic monomers, wherein the polyethersulfone has a minimum weight average molecular weight (M_w) defined by the relationship

 $M_w = ((-750) \text{ x mole percent structural units from biphenol monomer}) + 105,000;$

and wherein said polyethersulfone has a notched Izod impact strength value of greater than 470 Joules per meter as measured by ASTM D256.

- 2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone comprises structural units derived from 60-98 mole percent of the biphenol based on total moles of diphenolic monomers.
- 3. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone comprises structural units derived from 65-85 mole percent of the biphenol based on total moles of diphenolic monomers.
- 4. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone further comprises structural units derived from 5 mole % or less of at least one additional diphenolic monomer, based on total moles of diphenolic monomers.
- 5. The composition according to claim 4, wherein the additional diphenolic monomer is at least one member selected from the group consisting of a substituted derivative of 4,4'-biphenol and those monomers of the formula



wherein A¹ represents an aromatic group; E comprises a sulfurcontaining linkage, sulfide, sulfoxide, sulfone; a phosphorus-containing linkage, phosphinyl, phosphonyl; an ether linkage; a carbonyl group; a tertiary nitrogen group; a silicon-containing linkage; silane; siloxy; a cycloaliphatic group; cyclopentylidene, cyclohexylidene, 3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexylidene, methylcyclohexylidene, 2-[2.2.1]bicycloheptylidene, neopentylidene, cyclopentadecylidene, cyclododecylidene, adamantylidene; an alkylene or alkylidene group, which group may optionally be part of one or more fused rings attached to one or more aromatic groups bearing one hydroxy substituent; an unsaturated alkylidene group; or two or more alkylene or alkylidene groups connected by a moiety different from alkylene or alkylidene and selected from the group consisting of an aromatic linkage, a tertiary nitrogen linkage; an ether linkage; a carbonyl linkage; a silicon-containing linkage, silane, siloxy; a sulfur-containing linkage, sulfide, sulfoxide, sulfone; a phosphorus-containing linkage, phosphinyl, and phosphonyl;

R¹ independently at each occurrence comprises a mono-valent hydrocarbon group, alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkaryl, or cycloalkyl;

Y¹ independently at each occurrence is selected from the group consisting of an inorganic atom, a halogen; an inorganic group, a nitro group; an organic group, a monovalent hydrocarbon group, alkenyl, allyl, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkaryl, cycloalkyl, and an alkoxy group;

the letter "m" represents any integer from and including zero through the number of replaceable hydrogens on A¹ available for substitution;

the letter "p" represents an integer from and including zero through the number of replaceable hydrogens on E available for substitution;

6. The composition according to claim 4, wherein the additional diphenolic monomer is at least one member selected from the group consisting of those monomers of the formulas

Ho

$$H_3C$$
 CH_3
 H_3C
 OH ;

 H_3C
 CH_3
 C

wherein each R^3 and R^4 is independently selected from monovalent alkyl, aryl and halogen radicals; and the values for the parameters x and y are each independently selected from positive integers having a value of from 0 to 3 inclusive;

wherein each R^6 is independently selected from monovalent alkyl, aryl and halogen radicals; each R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} is independently C_{1-6} alkyl; each R^{11} and

 R^{12} is independently H or C_{1-6} alkyl; and each n is independently selected from positive integers having a value of from 0 to 3 inclusive; and

wherein each R^5 is independently at each occurrence hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, alkyl or a C_1 - C_{30} monovalent hydrocarbon or hydrocarbonoxy group, and each Z is hydrogen, chlorine or bromine, subject to the provision that at least one Z is chlorine or bromine, and the value for the parameter x is independently at each occurrence selected from positive integers having a value of from 0 to 3 inclusive.

- 7. The composition according to claim 6, wherein the additional diphenolic monomer is at least one member selected from the group consisting of 9,9-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl) fluorene and 2,2,2',2'-tetrahydro-3,3,3',3'-tetramethyl-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-6,6'-diol.
- 8. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone has a minimum weight average molecular weight in a range of between about 30,000 and about 66,000.
- 9. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone has a minimum weight average molecular weight in a range of between about 32,000 and about 64,000.
- 10. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone has a minimum weight average molecular weight in a range of between about 34,000 and about 60,000.
- 11. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the glass transition temperature is in the range between about 190°C and about 225°C.

- 12. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the glass transition temperature is greater than about 205°C.
- 13. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone has a melt viscosity of less than about 4,500 pascal seconds as measured at 340°C.
- 14. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone has a melt viscosity in a range of between about 1,500 pascal seconds and about 3,000 pascal seconds as measured at 340°C.
- 15. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyethersulfone further comprises structural units derived from at least one chain terminating agent.
- 16. The composition according to claim 15, wherein the chain terminating agent is at least one member selected from the group consisting of chloro-N-arylphthalimides, chloro-N-alkylphthalimides, alkyl halides, alkyl chlorides, aryl halides and aryl chlorides of formula:

$$z^3$$
— C_{I_1}

wherein the chlorine substituent is in the 3- or 4-position, and Z^3 comprises a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or aryl group.

- 17. The composition according to claim 16, wherein the chain terminating agent is at least one member selected from the group consisting of 4-chlorodiphenylsulfone, 3-chloro-N-phenylphthalimide, 3-chloro-N-methylphthalimide, 4-chloro-N-phenylphthalimide and 4-chloro-N-methylphthalimide.
- 18. A polyethersulfone composition comprising structural units derived from 4,4'-biphenol and bisphenol-A in a molar ratio of about 60 : 40 and having a weight average molecular weight of at least about 60,000;

or having structural units derived from 4,4'-biphenol and bisphenol-A in a molar ratio of about 70: 30 and having a weight average molecular weight of at least about 52,000; or

having structural units derived from 4,4'-biphenol and bisphenol-A in a molar ratio of about 80: 20 having a weight average molecular weight of at least about 45,000,

wherein said polyethersulfone has a notched Izod impact strength value of greater than 470 Joules per meter as measured by ASTM D256 and a melt viscosity of less than about 4,500 pascal seconds as measured at 340°C.

- 19. An article comprising the composition of claim 1.
- 20. An article comprising the composition of claim 18.
- 21. A method for the synthesis of a polyethersulfone comprising structural units derived from a monomer mixture comprising bisphenol-A and at least 55 mole percent of 4,4'-biphenol based on total moles of diphenolic monomers, wherein the said polyethersulfone has a minimum weight average molecular weight (M_w) defined by the relationship

 $M_w = ((-750) \text{ x mole percent structural units from biphenol monomer}) + 105,000;$

and wherein the said polyethersulfone has a notched Izod impact strength value of greater than 470 Joules per meter;

wherein said method comprises the steps of:

- a. contacting dialkali metal salts of said bisphenol-A and 4,4'-biphenol in a substantially dry solvent with at least one dihalodiarylsulfone in the presence of a phase transfer catalyst; and
 - b. quenching the reaction with an acidic quencher.
- 22. The method according to claim 21 wherein the solvent is at least one member selected from the group consisting of ortho-dichlorobenzene,

dichlorotoluene, 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene, diphenyl sulfone, phenetole, anisole and veratrole.

- 23. The method according to claim 22 wherein the solvent is orthodichlorobenzene.
- 24. The method according to claim 21 wherein the salts are disodium salts.
- 25. The method according to claim 21 wherein the phase transfer catalyst is hexaethylguanidinium chloride.
- 26. The method according to claim 21 wherein the dihalodiarylsulfone is 4,4'-dichlorodiphenylsulfone.
- 27. The method according to claim 21 further comprising the step of isolating said polyethersulfone.
- 28. The method according to claim 21, wherein the polyethersulfone has a melt viscosity of less than about 4,500 pascal-seconds as measured at 340°C.
- 29. A method for the synthesis of a polyethersulfone comprising structural units derived from a monomer mixture comprising bisphenol-A and at least 55 mole percent of 4,4'-biphenol based on total moles of diphenolic monomers, wherein the polyethersulfone has a minimum weight average molecular weight (M_w) defined by the relationship

 $M_w = ((-750) \text{ x mole percent structural units from biphenol monomer}) + 105,000;$

and wherein the polyethersulfone has a notched Izod impact strength value of greater than 470 Joules per meter; and wherein the polyethersulfone has a melt viscosity of less than about 4,500 pascal seconds as measured at 340°C;

wherein said method comprises the steps of:

- a. contacting dialkali metal salts of said bisphenol-A and 4,4'-biphenol in a substantially dry solvent with 4,4'-dichlorodiphenylsulfone in the presence of hexaethylguanidinium chloride as a phase transfer catalyst; and
 - b. quenching the reaction with an acidic quencher.
- 30. The method according to claim 29 further comprising the step of isolating said polyethersulfone.